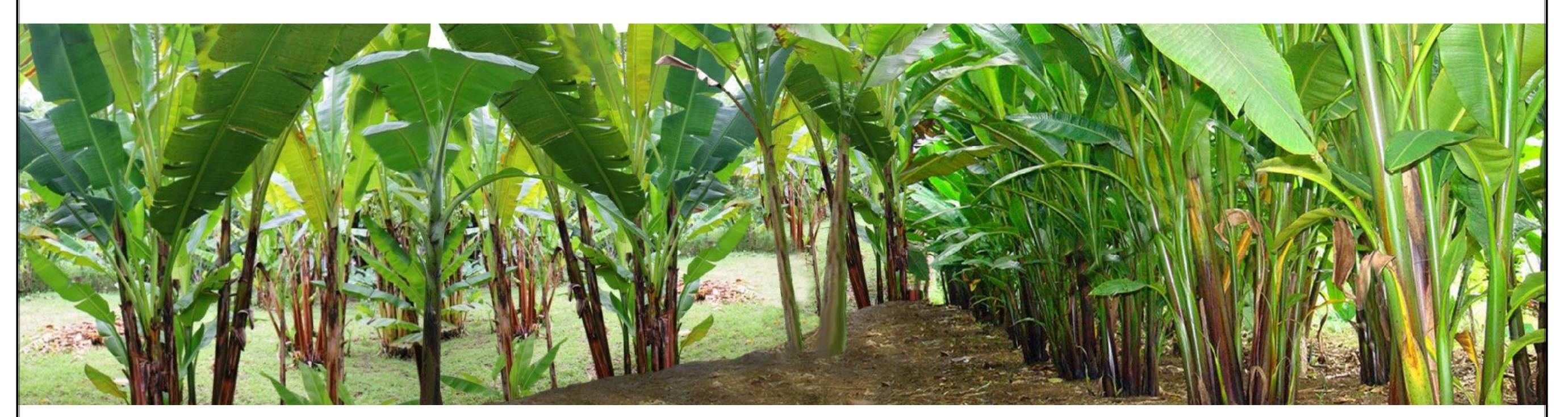
LAND SUITABILITY MAP

ABACA

LAND RESOURCES EVALUATION AND SUITABILITY ASSESSMENT OF STRATEGIC PRODUCTION AREAS

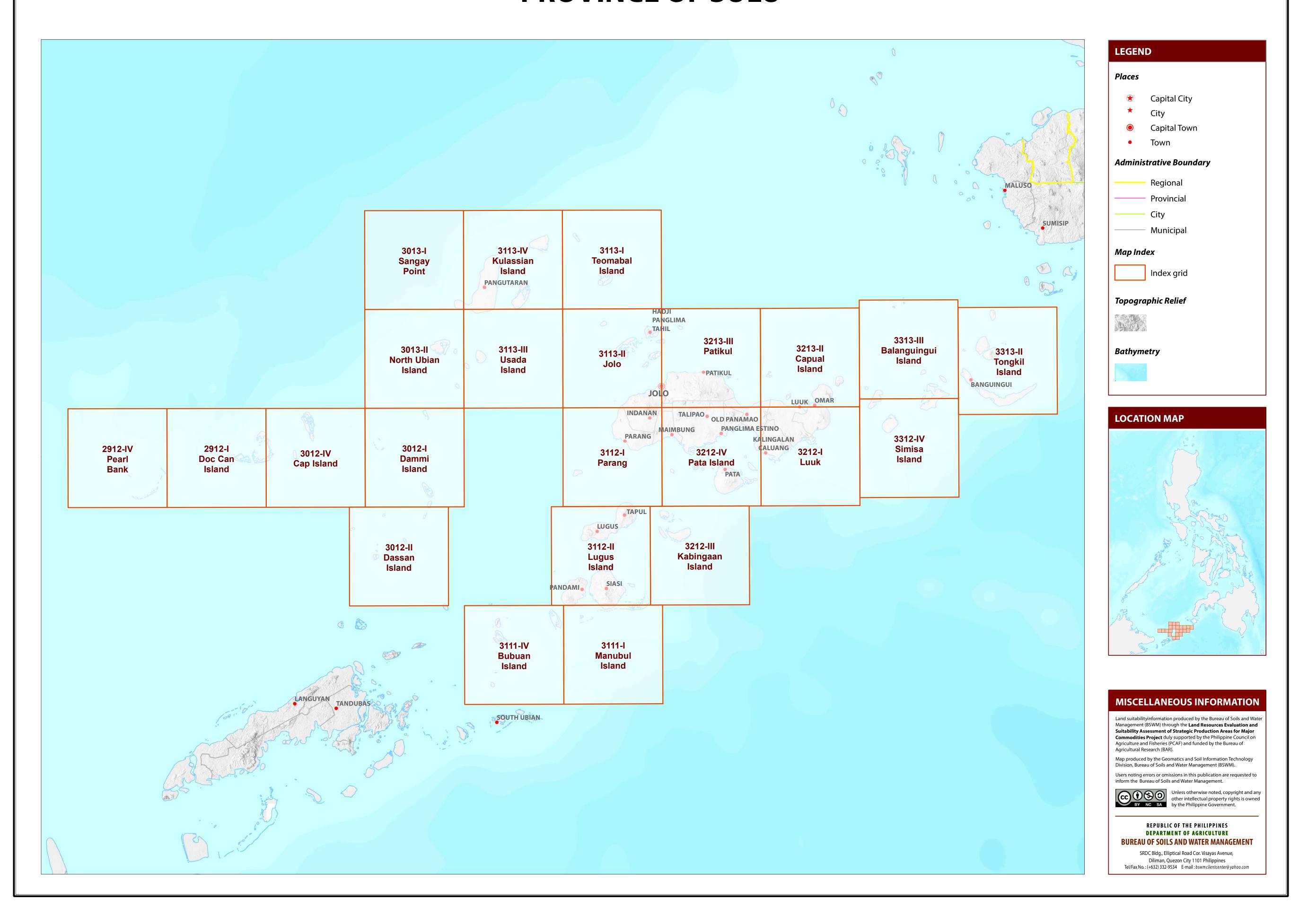
PROVINCE OF SULU





MAP INDEX

LAND RESOURCES EVALUATION AND SUITABILITY ASSESSMENT OF STRATEGIC PRODUCTION AREAS PROVINCE OF SULU



LAND SUITABILITY MAP FOR **ABACA**

LAND RESOURCES EVALUATION AND SUITABILITY ASSESSMENT OF STRATEGIC PRODUCTION AREAS PROVINCE OF SULU, ARMM

SOIL EROSION

FLOODING

E2 - Moderate erosion

F2 - Moderate seasonal flooding

F3 - Severe seasonal flooding

E3 - Severe erosion

EXTENT OF SUITABILITY FOR ABACA PRODUCTION BY MUNICIPALITY

	EXISTING ABACA (Ha)		TOTAL EXISTING AREA (Ha)	EXPANSION AREA (Ha)						CONFLICT RESOLUTION (Ha)					TOTAL		
MUNICIPALITY				Coco	nut	Shrub unman	,	Grassl unmana		Cor	n	Paddy non-iri	y rice, rigated	Other	crops	POTENTIAL EXPANSION	
	S1	S2	S 3		S1	S2	S1	S2	S1	S2	S1	S2	S1	S2	S1	S2	AREA (Ha)
HADJI PANGLIMA TAHIL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64
INDANAN	_	-	-	-	3,173	3,274	-	6	137	723	126	20	-	-	-	-	7,459
JOLO	-	-	1	-	9	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11
KALINGALAN CALUANG	-	-	1	-	2,187	1,378	-	-	930	917	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,411
LUGUS	-	-	1	-	716	951	-	-	581	532	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,779
LUUK	-	-	1	-	2,675	770	-	-	2,490	993	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,928
MAIMBUNG	-	-	1	-	2,430	433	-	-	162	125	795	117	-	-	-	-	4,062
OLD PANAMAO	-	-	1	-	2,914	806	4	27	860	562	383	150	-	-	-	-	5,706
OMAR	-	-	1	-	1,801	746	569	384	1,492	709	84	59	-	-	-	-	5,844
PANDAMI	-	-	1	-	931	1,033	-	-	190	220	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,374
PANGLIMA ESTINO	-	-	1	-	795	140	1	11	158	290	702	149	-	-	-	-	2,245
PANGUTARAN	-	-	1	-	9,050	34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,085
PARANG	-	-	1	-	3,826	1,878	-	-	2	41	143	224	-	-	-	-	6,114
PATA	-	-	1		111	1,626	-	-	704	1,638	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,080
PATIKUL	-	-	-		4,097	3,396	18	103	498	1,919	53	445	-	-	-	-	10,529
SIASI	_	-	-		1,233	2,904	-	-	525	1,012	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,675
TALIPAO	-	-	1	-	5,191	3,714	4	54	1,201	320	3,572	837	-	-	-	-	14,892
TAPUL	_	_	-	_	- 54	926	-	-	29	809	-	_	-	-	_	_	1,818
TONGKIL	_	-	-	-	-	656	-	140	-	26	-	52	-	-	_	-	873
Total Area (Ha)	-	-	-	-	41,193	24,667	596	725	10,022	10,836	5,858	2,051	-	_	-	-	95,949

Note: Delivery of abaca planting materials must be started on the onset of rainy season. *establishment of shade trees prior to planting of abaca.

AGRONOMIC REQUIREMENT OF ABACA PRODUCTION

LAND UTILIZATION TYPE	SUITABILITY RATING	SLOPE (%)	SOIL DEPTH (cm)	SOIL TEXTURE	SOIL DRAINAGE	SOIL REACTION (pH)	INHERENT FERTILITY	FLOODING CLASS	EROSION CLASS	ROCK OUTCROPS	ELEVATION (masl)	ANNUAL RAINFALL (mm)	CLIMATIC TYPE
	S1	<8	>50	CL, SiCL, SCL, SC, SiC, C, HC	WD,MWD, SPD	5.6 -7.2	high	none-slight	none-slight	none-few	<500	2001-4500	II, III, IV
Abaca	S2	8 - 30	30 - 50	FSL, L, SiL, SL	PD,VPD	5.1 - 5.5 7.3 - 7.8	medium	moderate	moderate	common	500-1500	1000-2000	I, II
	S3	>30	< 30	S, LS, CSL	ED	<5.0 - > 7.9	low	severe	severe	many	>1500	<1000 >4500	
SLOPE (%)	,	,	SOIL DRAINA	GE	,	SOIL REACTION	N (nH)		SOIL TEXTUE	· RE	,	•	. *

									1000
SLOPE (%	%)	SOIL DRA	AINAGE	SOIL REA	ACTION (pH)	SOIL TE	XTURE		
0 - 3	- level to gently sloping	ED	- excessively drained	< 4.5	- extremely acid	Coarse		Fine	
3 - 8	- gently sloping to undulating	WD	- well drained	4.5 - 5.0	 very strongly acid 	S	- sand	SC	- sandy clay
8 - 18	- undulating to rolling	MWD	- moderately well drained	5.1 - 5.5	- strongly acid	LS	- loamy sand	SiC	- silty clay
18 - 30	- rolling to moderately steep	SPD	- somewhat poorly drained	5.6 - 6.0	- medium acid	CSL	- coarse sandy loam	С	- clay
30 - 50	- steep	PD	- poorly drained	6.1 - 6.5	- slightly acid	SL	- sandy loam	НС	- heavy clay
> 50	- very steep	VPD	 very poorly drained 	6.6 - 7.2	- neutral	Medium	1		
				7.3 - 7.8	- mildly alkaline	FSL	- fine sandy loam		
SOIL DEP	PTH (cm)	SURFACE	E IMPEDIMENT	7.9 - 8.4	- moderately alkaline	L	- loam		
0 - 30	- very shallow	ROCK OUT	ΓCROPS	> 8.5	- strongly alkaline	SiL	- silt loam		
30 - 50	- shallow	< 10%	- none - few			CL	- clay loam		
50 - 100	- moderately deep	10 - 30%	- common			SiCL	- silty clay loam		
> 100	- deep to very deep	> 30%	- many			SCL	- sandy clay loam		

Sh2 - Shallow to moderately deep (30 - 100cm)

Sh3 - Very shallow (< 30cm)

ROCK OUTCROPS

Rc2 - Common

Rc3 - Many

LAND LIMITATIONS DESCRIPTION AND COMBINATIONS

ELEVATION	SOIL DRAINAGE
El2 - 500 - 1000m or 2000 - 2500m	D2 - Somewhat poorly drained to poorly drained
El3 - < 500m or > 2500m	D3 - Very poorly drained or excessively drained
SLOPE/TOPOGRAPHY	SOIL TEXTURE
T2 - Undulating to moderately steep	Tc - Coarse texture

CODE	LIMITATION	CODE	LIMITATION
1	F2-Tc	11	T3-F3-D2
2	F3-D2	12	T3
3	T2	13	T3-E3
4	T2-E3	14	T3-E3-Sh3-Rc3
5	T2-E3-Sh2-Rc2	15	T3-El3
6	T2-F3-D2	16	Тс
7	T2-Sh2-Rc2		
8	T3		
9	Т3-Е3		
10	T3-E3-Sh3-Rc2		

T3 - Steep to very steep

CODE	LANDUSE
2	Paddy rice, non-irrigated
4	Corn
107	Abaca
116	Coconut
126	Grassland, unmanaged
134	Shrubs, unmanaged
	2 4 107 116 126

SUITABILITY CLASSES:

Highly Suitable (S1) Land having no significant limitation to sustained application of a given use, or only minor limitations that will not significantly reduce productivity or benefits and will not raise inputs above an acceptable level.

Land having limitations which in aggregate are severe for sustained application of a given use and will so reduce productivity or benefits, or increase required inputs, that this expenditure will be only marginally justified.

Marginally Suitable (S3)

Moderately Suitable (S2) Land having limitation which in aggregate are moderately severe for sustained application of a given use; the limitation will reduce productivity or benefits and increase required inputs to the extent that the overall advantage to be gained from the use, although still attractive, will be appreciably inferior to that expected on class S1 land.

Not Suitable / Not Relevant Land having limitations which may be surmountable in time but which cannot be corrected with existing knowledge at currently acceptable cost; the limitations are so severe as to preclude successful sustained use of the land in the given manner. Existing forest, shrubland greater than 18% slope, irrigated paddy rice and miscellaneous land types such as built up areas, roads, etc are considered as not relevant.

CLIMATE TYPE

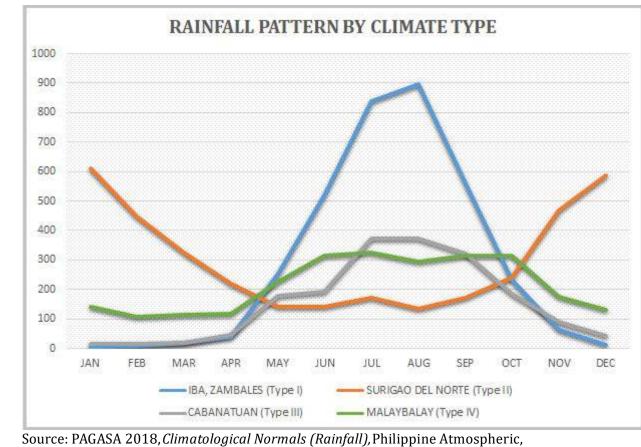
TYPE I: Two pronouced season, dry from November to April and **TYPE II**: No dry season with a very pronounced maximum rain wet during the rest of the year. Maximum rain period is from June to September

period from December to February. There is not a single dry month. Maximum monthly rainfall occurs during the period from March to May.

TYPE III: No very pronounced maximum rain period, with a dry season lasting only from one to three months, either during the period from December to February or from March to May. This type resembles Type I since it has a short dry season.

TYPE IV: Rainfall is more or less evenly distributed throughout the year. This type resembles Type II since it has no dry

Province of Sulu is classified as climate type IV



Geophysical and Astronomical Services Administration (PAGASA), accessed 27 July 2018, https://www1.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/index.php/climate/climatological-normals.

