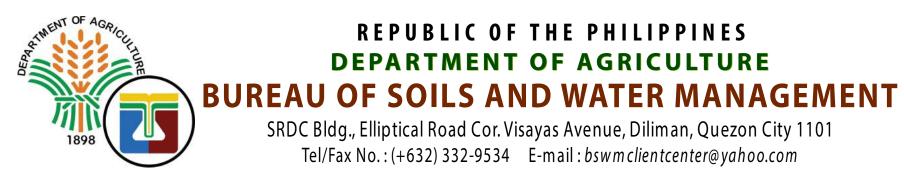
LAND SUITABILITY MAP

CASSAVA

LAND RESOURCES EVALUATION AND SUITABILITY ASSESSMENT OF STRATEGIC PRODUCTION AREAS

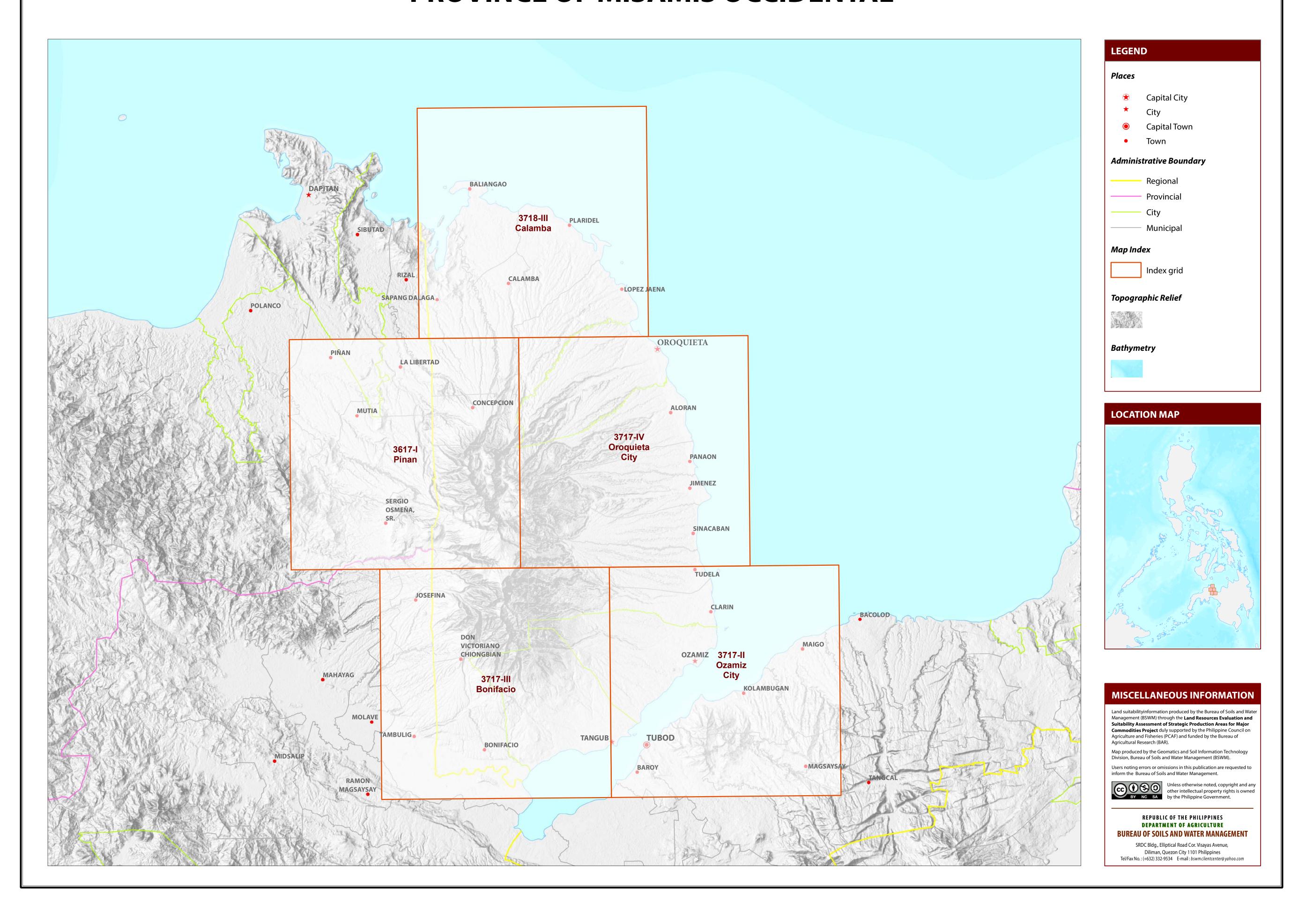
PROVINCE OF MISAMIS OCCIDENTAL





MAP INDEX

LAND RESOURCES EVALUATION AND SUITABILITY ASSESSMENT OF STRATEGIC PRODUCTION AREAS PROVINCE OF MISAMIS OCCIDENTAL



LAND SUITABILITY MAP FOR **CASSAVA**

LAND RESOURCES EVALUATION AND SUITABILITY ASSESSMENT OF STRATEGIC PRODUCTION AREAS MISAMIS OCCIDENTAL, REGION X

ELEVATION

RAINFALL

ROCK

OUTCROPS (masl)

CLIMATIC

TYPE

EXTENT OF SUITABILITY FOR CASSAVA PRODUCTION BY MUNICIPALITY

	EXISTING CASSAVA (Ha)					CONFLICT RESOLUTION (Ha)					TOTAL						
MUNICIPALITY				TOTAL EXISTING AREA (Ha)	Coconut		Shrubland, unmanaged*		Grassland, unmanaged*		Corn		Paddy rice, non-irrigated		Other crops		POTENTIAL EXPANSION
	S1	S2	S 3		S1	S2	S1	S2	S1	S2	S1	S2	S1	S2	S1	S2	AREA (Ha)
ALORAN	-	1	-	ı	1,914	1,792	-	41	-	-	88	4	-	-	-	-	3,839
BALIANGAO	-	1	-	1	3,447	476	-	-	-	-	537	7	-	-	-	1	4,467
BONIFACIO	-	1	-	1	927	2,490	14	35	10	-	658	1,625	-	-	-	-	5,758
CALAMBA	-	1	-	1	2,533	1,724	-	-	293	196	164	-	-	-	-	-	4,910
CLARIN	-	1	-	1	2,229	713	-	-	-	43	195	57	-	-	-	1	3,236
CONCEPCION	-	1	-	1	-	349	-	-	-	103	-	187	-	-	-	1	638
DON VICTORIANO CHIONGBIAN	-	1	-	1	-	54	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	65
JIMENEZ	-	-	-	ı	958	1,539	1	8	17	84	96	1	-	-	-	-	2,703
LOPEZ JAENA	-	1	-	-	1,828	5,153	-	48	-	35	152	128	-	-	-	-	7,344
OROQUIETA CITY	-	1	-	ı	3,427	4,269	-	-	-	-	99	18	-	-	-	1	7,814
OZAMIS CITY	-	1	-	1	5,355	3,679	-	-	33	-	1,005	726	-	-	-	1	10,799
PANAON	-	1	-	-	952	1,385	-	-	-	-	81	7	-	-	-	-	2,425
PLARIDEL	-	1	-	1	2,736	2,241	-	-	-	-	641	405	-	-	-	-	6,024
SAPANG DALAGA	-	1	-	ı	3,506	3,910	1	2	53	104	44	59	-	-	-	-	7,679
SINACABAN	-	-	_	-	1,417	2,225	-	-	21	25	24	7	-	-		-	3,718
TANGUB CITY	-	-	-	-	2,757	3,408	-	54	11	32	1,840	1,329	-	-		<u>-</u>	9,432
TUDELA	-	-	-	-	1,570	2,578	-	-	-	2	15	29	-	-	-	-	4,194
TOTAL	-	-	-	-	35,556	37,985	16	188	438	623	5,640	4,599	-	-	-	-	85,045

DRAINAGE

UTILIZATION

7 T2-E2-Sh2-Rc2

9 T2-El2-Sh2-Rc2

8 T2-El2

10 T2-El3

AGRONOMIC REQUIREMENT OF CASSAVA PRODUCTION

SOIL TEXTURE

SLOPE (%)

	TYPE	2 22222		(0111)			(pH)			02.100	02.100		()	(mm)	
		S1	<8	>50	FSL, L, SiL, CL, SiCL, SCL, SC, SiC, C	WD,MWD	5.6 -7.	.2	high	none-slight	none-slight	none-few	<500	1000-2000	I,II, III, IV
Cassava		va S2	S2 8 - 18		SL, HC	SPD, PD	5.1 - 5.5 7.3 - 7.8		medium	moderate	moderate	common	500-1500	2001-4500	II
		S3	18 - 30	<30	S, LS, CSL	VPD,ED	<5.0 ->	7.9	low	severe	severe	many	>1500	<1000 >4500	
	SLOPE (%	6)		SOIL DRA	AINAGE		SOIL REA	ACTIO	N (pH)		SOIL TEXTU	JRE			
	0 - 3	- level to gently slopin	ng	ED	- excessively drained		< 4.5	- ext	remely acid		Coarse			Fine	
	3 - 8	- gently sloping to und	dulating	WD	- well drained		4.5 - 5.0	- ver	ry strongly acid		S -	sand		SC -	sandy clay
	8 - 18	- undulating to rolling	5	MWD	- moderately well draine	ed	5.1 - 5.5	- str	ongly acid		LS -	loamy sand		SiC -	silty clay
	18 - 30	- rolling to moderately	y steep	SPD	- somewhat poorly drain	ned	5.6 - 6.0	- me	edium acid		CSL -	coarse sandy loam	l	С -	clay
	30 - 50	- steep		PD	- poorly drained		6.1 - 6.5	- slig	ghtly acid		SL -	sandy loam		HC -	heavy clay
	> 50	- very steep		VPD	- very poorly drained		6.6 - 7.2 - neutral			Medium					
							7.3 - 7.8	- mil	ldly alkaline		FSL -	fine sandy loam			
	SOIL DEPTH (cm)		SURFACE	SURFACE IMPEDIMENT			7.9 - 8.4 - moderately alkaline			L -	loam				
	0 - 30	- very shallow		ROCK OUT	ΓCROPS		> 8.5	- str	ongly alkaline		SiL -	silt loam			
	30 - 50	- shallow		< 10%	- none - few						CL -	clay loam			
	50 - 100	- moderately deep		10 - 30%	- common						SiCL -	silty clay loam			
	> 100	- deep to very deep		> 30%	- many						SCL -	sandy clay loam			

REACTION

INHERENT

FERTILITY

FLOODING

CLASS

134 Shrubs, unmanaged

137 Rubber

EROSION

CLASS

I AND I IMITATIONS DESCRIPTION AND COMPINATIONS

16 T3-E3-Rc2

20 T3-El2

17 T3-E3-Sh2-Rc2

18 T3-E3-Sh2-Rc3

19 T3-E3-Sh3-Rc2

LAN	D LIMITATIO I	12 DE	SCRIP HON	AND CC	MBINATION:	3					
ELEVA	ΓΙΟΝ		SOIL D	RAINAGE			SOIL 1	DEPTH	SOIL EROSION		
El2 - 500 - 1000m or 2000 - 2500m			D2 -	poorly drained to poorl	y drained	Sh2	- Shallow to moder	ately deep (30 - 100cm)	E2	- Moderate erosion	
El3 $-<500$ m or >2500 m			D3 - Very poorly drained or excessively drained				Sh3	- Very shallow (< 3	0cm)	E3	- Severe erosion
SLOPE	TOPOGRAPHY		SOIL T	EXTURE			ROCK	COUTCROPS		FLO	ODING
T2 - Undulating to moderately steep			Tc - Coarse texture				Rc2	- Common	F2	- Moderate seasonal flooding	
Т3 -	Steep to very steep						Rc3	- Many		F3	- Severe seasonal flooding
CODE	LIMITATION	CODE	LIMITATION	CODE	LIMITATION	CODE	LIMITATION	COD	E LANDUSE		
1	El2	11	T2-El3-Sh2-Rc2	21	T3-El2-E3	31	T3-E3-Sh3-Rc3	4	Corn		
2	F2-D2	12	T2-F2-D2	22	T3-El2-E3-Sh2-Rc2	32	T3-El2	81	Coffee		
3	F3-D2	13	T2-F3-D2	23	T3-El2-E3-Sh3-Rc2	33	T3-El2-E3	82	Cacao		
4	Sh2	14	T3	24	T3-El3	34	T3-El2-E3-Sh3-Rc3	116	Coconut		
	Sh2-Rc2	15	T3-E3	25	T3-El3-E3-Sh2-Rc2	35	T3-El3	126	Grassland		

36 T3-El3-E3-Sh3-Rc3

37 T3-El3

38 T3-El3-F3-D2

26 T3-El3-E3-Sh3-Rc2

27 T3-F2-D2

28 T3-F3-D2

29 T3

30 T3-E3

SUITABILITY CLASSES:

Highly Suitable (S1) Land having no significant limitation to sustained application of a given use, or only minor limitations that will not significantly reduce productivity or benefits and will not raise inputs above an acceptable level.

Marginally Suitable (S3) Land having limitations which in aggregate are severe for sustained application of a given use and will so reduce productivity or benefits, or increase required inputs, that this expenditure will be only marginally justified.

Moderately Suitable (S2) Land having limitation which in aggregate are moderately severe for sustained application of a given use; the limitation will reduce productivity or benefits and increase required inputs to the extent that the overall advantage to be gained from the use, although still attractive, will be appreciably inferior to that expected on class S1 land.

Not Suitable / Not Relevant Land having limitations which may be surmountable in time but which cannot be corrected with existing knowledge at currently acceptable cost; the limitations are so severe as to preclude successful sustained use of the land in the given manner. Existing forest, shrubland greater than 18% slope, irrigated paddy rice and miscellaneous land types such as built up areas, roads, etc are considered as not relevant.

CLIMATE TYPE

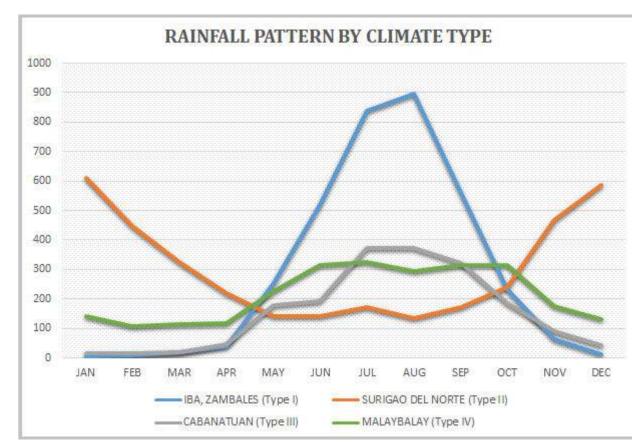
TYPE I: Two pronouced season, dry from November to April and **TYPE II**: No dry season with a very pronounced maximum rain wet during the rest of the year. Maximum rain period is from June to September

period from December to February. There is not a single dry month. Maximum monthly rainfall occurs during the period from March to May.

TYPE III: No very pronounced maximum rain period, with a dry season lasting only from one to three months, either during the period from December to February or from March to May. This type resembles Type I since it has a short dry season.

TYPE IV: Rainfall is more or less evenly distributed throughout the year. This type resembles Type II since it has no dry

Almost whole part of Misamis Occidental classified as climatic Type III and small part in the Western side is climate Type IV.



Source: PAGASA 2018, Climatological Normals (Rainfall), Philippine Atmospheric, Geophysical and Astronomical Services Administration (PAGASA), accessed 27 July 2018, https://www1.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/index.php/climate/climatological-normals.

Note: Delivery of cassava planting materials must be started on the onset of rainy season. *establishment of shade trees prior to planting of cassava.

